Installation/Service Manual for 2S/1M - 4S/2M (2S/2M) Systems

PLC Select ABS (2M)  PLC Select ABS (1M)

Installation/Service Guide

L30041  Rev. 6 -1/11
Technical Service & Engineering Support

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This installation manual describes the correct installation procedures for the Haldex PLC Select 1M and 2M for trailers. The PLC Select 1M and 2M may be used with either Drum or Disc Brakes. Care must be taken during each phase of the installation in order to ensure the system is installed correctly.

**Safety First!**

Please follow your company’s safety procedures when you install this equipment. Be sure that you understand all instructions before you begin.

**Note:** Remove all air pressure and electrical power from the brake system before beginning work.

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

The data listed herein is correct to the best of Haldex’s knowledge and belief, having been compiled from reliable and official sources of information. However, **HALDEX CAN NOT Assume Any Responsibility** for possible error or misapplication of the product. Final determination of the suitability of the products for the use contemplated by the Buyer is the sole responsibility of the Buyer. Haldex shall have no responsibility in connection with this suitability.

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

The description and specifications contained in this Installation/Service Manual are current at the time of printing. Haldex Brake Products Corp. reserves the right to discontinue or modify its models and/or procedure and to change specifications at any time without notice.

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General Operation of PLC Select 1M and 2M

The Haldex PLC Select 1M and 2M are the newest ECU platforms in the PLC family of Trailer ABS products and is the latest offering in the state-of-art PLC Select concept.

As with other ABS systems, PLC Select 1M and 2M are designed to use electronic management of service braking to avoid wheel lock-up, during all types of braking conditions, and on all road surface conditions, to improve control and stability of a braking trailer to permit air brake compliance with FMVSS 121.

The primary components of Haldex ABS are the ECU (Electronic Control Unit), ABS Modulator Valves (solenoid operated air valves), Wheel Speed Sensor (sensors), and Exciter Rings (exciters).

The inductive sensors are mounted at the designated wheel ends in conjunction with exciter (notched rings). The ECU reads electric impulses generated from the rotating exciter, as the wheels turn.

The ECU is designed to recognize when the rate of wheel speed deceleration is approaching wheel-lock (no longer rotating) which would result in skidding. During a braking event, the ECU continuously monitors the rate of deceleration so that it can automatically intervene into the operation of the ABS Modulator Valve(s) to maintain vehicle stability during braking:

- When the rate of deceleration approaches wheel-lock the ECU sends electrical signals to the ABS Modulator Valve(s) to reduce air pressure to the service brake chambers which reduces braking (to maximize stability);
- When the rate of deceleration returns to a level above the wheel-lock threshold the ECU sends electrical signals to the ABS Modulator Valve(s) to increase pressure to the service brake chambers which increases braking.
- This iterative process of decreasing and increasing braking takes place in milliseconds and continues as long as the deceleration rate is in jeopardy of wheel-lock to help assure vehicle stability.

The Haldex PLC Select 1M is positioned as a 2S/1M system for Semi-Trailers and Dollies using 2 Sensors and 1 Modulator (ABS Valve).

Note: Haldex recommends our 2S/1M A8 product as a more cost effective solution to meet minimum FMVSS121 requirements for Semi-Trailer and Dollies, and in most applications can provide comparable performance as 2M systems.

The Haldex PLC Select 2M is positioned as a 4S/2M system using 4 Sensors and 2 Modulators (ABS Valves). Although it can be used for 2S/2M applications, Haldex recommends our 2S/1M A7 product as comparable performance and more economical.

Although a 4S/2M is only required for Full Trailers to comply with FMVSS 121 it can provide improved performance in certain applications, and we encourage you to consult your Haldex representative for a recommendation to fit your specific application needs and/or preferences. All other braked Semi-Trailer and Dollies comply with FMVSS 121 using a 2S/1M system.

FMVSS 121 specifies that “Blue Wire” (J560 connector Pin no. 7) be allocated as “permanent power” for ABS operation. In the event of a failure or malfunction of the permanent power circuit the ABS system will operate on power from the stoplight circuit (i.e. when the brakes are applied). If the power fails in both circuits the ABS system reverts to a standard braking system.
Wheel End Installation

The radial clocking position of the sensor block should be between 9 and 3 o’clock. While the ABS performance is not affected with sensor location in the lower half of the axle, the structural integrity of the axle could be compromised.

Note: The sensor block should not interfere with any wheel end hardware.

Sensor Block allowable placement

The clearance between the block and exciter ring should be 0.156 ± 0.031”. Any deviation will result in a reduction of the wheel speed sensor signal output.

In general, the position of the wheel speed sensor center axis to the exciter right surface should be as close as possible to a 90° angle in both direction. Any deviation will result in a reduction of the wheel speed sensor signal output.

Note: The sensor block is generally welded to the axle. Refer to axle manufacturer’s manual to ensure that welding won’t affect structural integrity.
Exciter Ring Installation

1. Heat the exciter ring uniformly to approximately 350°F.
2. Place the exciter ring on the machined area of the axle hub.
3. Make sure the exciter ring fits squarely on the machined surface.
4. When the exciter ring cools, it will shrink fit onto the hub.
5. Make sure the exciter ring fits tightly onto the machined area and does not slip.
6. Damage to any teeth on exciter ring may cause a dynamic fault.

Use a wire brush to clean area on hub before mounting the exciter ring.

Exciter Ring Machining

Ensure that the exciter ring fits squarely against the shoulder.

Note: Some applications with small wheel/tires may require 80 tooth exciters. Reference “Tire Scale Factor Chart” on page 47.
Wheel Speed Sensor Installation
2S/1M Configurations

Sensors should be installed on the axle as shown below is unloaded. Recommended locations are shown below. The 1A sensor should be installed on the curb side, and the 1B sensor should be installed on the road side of the trailer. Make sure sensors are pushed firmly against the exciter rings.

Dollies and Single Axle Trailers (2 or 6 Ports Valve)

“For Dollies, Single Axle Trailers, and Steer Axles, Haldex recommends A8 ECU configuration”

Multi-Axle Trailers (4 or 6 Port Valves)

Haldex recommends A7 ECU configuration

Legend:
- King Pin
- Speed Sensor
- ECU with ABS Valve with delivery lines

Note: Any non-sensed axle can be utilized as a lift axle.
Wheel Speed Sensor Installation
2S/2M Configurations (Side-By-Side)

Sensors should be installed on the axle that locks first when the trailer is unloaded. Recommended locations are shown below. The 2A (blue) sensor should be installed on the curb side, and the 2B (yellow) sensor should be installed on the road side of the trailer. Make sure sensors are pushed firmly against the exciter rings. The “yellow markings” sensor connections and axle locations must go to the yellow ABS valve as shown below. The same holds true for the “blue markings” valve. On 2S/2M side by side configurations. The “blue” modulator lead must be connected to the valve that controls the curb side wheel end and are sensed by sensor S2A. The yellow modulator valve cable lead must be connected to the valve that controls the road side wheel end and are sensed by sensor 2B.

Note:
The 2S/2M configuration does not offer any meaningful performance benefit over a 2S/1M SLH-A7 configuration, and is not a preferred system. To obtain additional performance beyond a 2S/1M configuration, Haldex recommends the use of a 4S/2M System

Note:
Any non-sensed axle can be utilized as a lift axle

Legend:
- King Pin
- Speed Sensor
- ABS Valve with delivery lines (Blue Channel)
- ECU with ABS Valve & delivery lines (Yellow Channel)

Multi-Axle Trailers

Spring Suspension
- 2A (Curb Side)
- 2B (Road Side)

Spring Suspension
- 2A (Curb Side)
- 2B (Road Side)

Air Suspension
- 2A (Curb Side)
- 2B (Road Side)

Air Suspension
- 2A (Curb Side)
- 2B (Road Side)
• The placement of the sensors at the wheel end is an important consideration.
• Incorrect installation of the sensors and exciter will result in poor or no ABS operation and result in fault codes with the ABS warning lamp on.

On a 4S/2M Side-By-Side configuration, the (blue modulator) lead must be connected to the valve that controls the Curb Side wheel ends and are sensed by the blue sensors (3A and 2A). The (yellow valve) cable lead must be connected to the valve that controls the Road Side wheel ends and is sensed by the yellow sensors (3B and 2B).

The schematic below shows the proper placement of the sensors and valve leads (the king pin indicates the front of the trailer). Make sure sensors are pushed firmly against the exciter rings.

Note: 
Any non-sensed axle can be utilized as a lift axle

Legend:
- King Pin
- Speed Sensor
- ABS Valve with delivery lines (Blue Channel)
- ECU with ABS Valve & delivery lines (Yellow Channel)
Wheel Speed Sensor Installation
4S/2M (Side-By-Side) Lift Axle Control:

On 4S/2M Side-By-Side installation, the sensed wheels “3A” and “3B” can be used on a lift axle. *The sensed wheels “2A” and “2B” must remain on the ground at all times.*

**Note:** Axles without sensors, but controlled by ABS valves may be lifted regardless of the configuration. Make sure sensors are pushed *firmly* against the exciter rings.

Direct axle has ABS Sensors. Indirect axle has no sensors but is ABS modulated by an ABS valve.

---

**Legend:**
- King Pin
- Speed Sensor
- ABS Valve with delivery lines *(Blue Channel)*
- ECU with ABS Valve & delivery lines *(Yellow Channel)*

---

Plates with ABS sensors are lifted, while Plates without sensors are not lifted.
Wheel Speed Sensor Installation
4S/2M Configurations (Axle-By-Axle)

- The placement of the sensors at the wheel end is an important consideration.
- Incorrect installation of the sensors and exciter will result in poor or no ABS operation and result in fault codes with the ABS warning lamp on.

On a 4S/2M Axle-By-Axle configuration, the (blue modulator) lead must be connected to the valve that controls the Front Axle wheel ends and is sensed by the blue sensors (3A and 2A). The (yellow valve) cable lead must be connected to the valve that controls the Rear Axle wheel ends and is sensed by the yellow sensors (3B and 2B).

The schematic below shows the proper placement of the sensors and valve leads (the king pin indicates the front of the trailer). Make sure sensors are pushed firmly against the exciter rings.

**Note:**
Any non-sensed axle can be utilized as a lift axle

---

**Legend:**
- ♦ King Pin
- □ Speed Sensor
- ■ ABS Valve with delivery lines *(Blue Channel)*
- ■ ECU with ABS Valve & delivery lines *(Yellow Channel)*

---

**Multi-Axle Trailers**
Wheel Speed Sensor Installation
4S/2M (Axle-By-Axle) Lift Axle Control:

On 4S/2M Axle-By-Axle installation, sensed wheels (wheels with ABS sensors) **CAN NOT** be on lift axles. Lifting a sensed axle in this configuration will create an ABS fault. ABS operation will then be suspended until the ABS power has been cycled and all sensed wheels are again rolling on the road surface.

**Note:**
*Any non-sensed axle can be utilized as a lift axle*

**Legend:**
- **●** King Pin
- **□** Speed Sensor
- **■** ABS Valve (Blue Channel)
- **■** ECU with ABS Valve (Yellow Channel)
PLC Select 1M System Components

Haldex Supplied Items

- FFABS Valve
- 2-Port Valve
- 6-Port Valve

Additional Supplied Items

- Trailer Brake Control Valve (Haldex TBCV Shown)
  (or RT4)
- 90° Sensor Cable
- Trailer ABS Power Cable
- Sensor Block Clip
- ABS Light

Haldex Diagnostic Tools

- 7-way Diagnostic Interface Cable
- Optional Software
- PLC PC Diagnostics Kit
  (PC not included)
- DLA+/PLC Adapter
- PLC Info Center

Recommended Installation Aids

- Power Cord Bracket
- Sensor Hose Clip
- Hole Clamp
- Tie Strap
- Sensor Extension Retainer Clip

*“See Haldex Trailer ABS Service Components Catalog L20243 for additional information on Haldex ABS Products”*
Notes:
- (4) Service Brake Port FFABS Valve is the most commonly used for Tandem Axle Trailers.
- For Single Axle Trailers use (2) Service Brake Port FFABS Valve.
- All ports are 3/8" NPT except reservoir nipple which accommodates either 1/2" or 3/4" NPT Ports.
- Service/Control and Emergency/Supply ports have serviceable Filter/Screen installed.

FFABS Valve Spring Brake Exhaust Cover
- White Indicates Spring Brake Priority
- Black indicates Service Brake Priority
6 Port ABS Relay Valve

PLC Select 1M ECU/Valve Units Overview

1/2" NPT Reservoir Port
Service Brake Delivery Ports
Service Brake Delivery Ports

(Requires heavy wall reservoir nipple)

2 Port ABS Relay Valve

PLC Select 1M ECU
Solenoid
Control / Service Port
Service Brake Delivery

Note: All ports are 3/8" NPT except the reservoir port is 1/2" NPT.

Trailer Brake Control Valve

3/8" NPT Spring Brake Delivery Ports
1/2" NPT Reservoir Port
3/8" NPT Spring Brake Delivery Ports

Note:
1. All ports are 3/8" NPT except the reservoir port which is 1/2" NPT.
2. Service/Control and Emergency/Supply ports have serviceable Filter/Screen installed.
3. Install this valve as shown. Exhaust port pointing horizontal.
4. Trailer Brake Control Valve - Exhaust Port - White indicates Spring Brake Priority - Black indicates Service Brake Priority
1. Install fittings into valve. Sealant is not required on plastic threads or on fittings that go into plastic. **DO NOT** use teflon tape on fittings. It can break off and contaminate the air system. Liquid pipe sealant is approved for use if required.

2. For plastic ports, hand tighten fittings then rotate 1 to 1-1/2 additional turns. The maximum torque valve allowed is 210 in-lb.

3. Install valve nipple into reservoir port. Use 7/8” wrench to tighten the nipple.

4. Using a 1-1/2” wrench tighten the jam nut to 30 ft. lb, while holding the nipple with a 7/8” wrench. (see detail below).

5. Attach hoses to appropriate brake chambers. Use liquid thread sealant sparingly on all fittings (Loctite PST565 or equivalent).

**Note:** If frame mounted follow same procedure for valve orientation. Valve solenoid on a 2-port relay, 6-port relay or FFABS must be facing up when the trailer is in normal operation or service/ABS performance could be effected.

**Warning:** Proper installation orientation shown above; otherwise, warranty is void. Installation behind the tank is recommended, facing the back of the trailer.
• Air suspension typically have the sensors on the rear axle
• Spring suspension typically have the sensors on the front axle
PLC Select 6 Port ABS 2S/1M
with Trailer Brake Control Valve

- Air suspension typically sense rear axle
- Spring suspension typically sense front axle

PLC Select
(6 Port ABS Valve)

Trailer Brake Control Valve
(TBCV)

Plumbing Schematic (2S/1M)
Top View

Legend:
- Service/Control Line
- Emergency/Supply Line
- Sensor Line

 legend:

AIR BRAKE COMPONENTS AND SYSTEM SCHEMATIC ARE DESIGNED TO ALLOW COMPLIANCE WITH FMVSS 121.
THIS SCHEMATIC IS FOR INFORMATION PURPOSE ONLY. IT IS THE VEHICLE MANUFACTURERS ULTIMATE RESPONSIBILITY TO CERTIFY THEIR SYSTEM MEETS ALL APPLICABLE REGULATIONS.
PIPE NIPPLES USED TO MOUNT BRAKE VALVES MUST BE HEAVY WALL TYPE PER SAE J514.
Note: Federal regulations mandate that new trailers, built after 3/1/2001, have the capability to provide an ABS fault signal from the trailer ABS into the tractor for an In-Cab trailer ABS Lamp. Option (1) is through Industry standard “PLC4Trucks” multiplexing (the signal is carried on Pin 7)

PLC Select 1M ECU Overview

Correct location of the speed sensors at the wheel ends is critical for proper ABS operation and troubleshooting. The PLC Select 1M will adjust the braking air pressure in response to the input from the speed sensors. Incorrect installation or location of speed sensors, sensor block clips and exciter rings will result in poor ABS performance or sensors crossed leading to incorrect diagnostics troubleshooting.

The figure below shows the correct power and speed sensor connections on the PLC Select 1M ECU (Electronic Control Unit).

Note: When installing and servicing always apply small amount of dielectric grease to all electrical connections.
Note: Cover all exposed electrical connections before painting

Apply dielectric grease to all electrical connections

S1A (Curb Side) Red Channel

Solenoid Connection hand tighten collar firmly

(S1A) Top

(S1B) Bottom

Exciter Ring

ABS Power Connection

ECU Sensor Retainer Clip

ABS Light (mounted on Road Side of trailer, at the rear). LED ABS warning lamp is acceptable.

7-Way Wiring SAEJ560

*Distance of ABS Light from Red rear clearance side marker light is 5.9” inches to 23” inches max.

The ABS Power Cord is secured to the power cord bracket (page 13) and is secured with a hose clamp (preferred) or tie strap.
1. Insert the sensor block clip into the sensor block (as shown above).
2. Grease the sensor with a lithium based grease or anti-seize then insert the sensor into the sensor block clip and push until it is firmly against the exciter ring (as shown above).
3. Route all sensor cables through vacant holes, etc. Use a grommet or corrugated tubing if the cables are touching sharp edges.
4. Attach cable ties as needed to ensure the cable is secured to the axle housing.
5. Typical routing of cable is along the brake chamber air hose.
6. Use sensor cable hose clip when attaching the cables to the air hoses.
7. Sensor cable hose clips should be no farther than 8-10” inches apart.

**Note:** Haldex does not recommend the use of tie straps to secure sensor wires to rubber air hoses. Expansion of rubber air hoses will damage sensor wires causing ABS sensor failure.
**Speed Sensor Cable Routing**

Although it is possible to route cables along the axle, the preferred approach is to route the speed sensor cables along the air hoses between the ABS valve and the brake actuators. Tie straps should not be used to secure the speed sensor cable to air hoses. For a more reliable installation use sensor hose clips to secure speed sensor cables to rubber air hoses.

Leave some slack in cables to accommodate movement between chassis components. Excess cable must not be allowed to hang free and must be bundled and attached to the chassis to prevent damage due to vibration and abrasion.

Route sensor wire on backside of axle housing to avoid damage from road debris.

Excess cable length may be taken up in either a “short bone” or a “long bone” arrangement and secured with tie straps. Do not coil the cable into a loop smaller then 4 inches in diameter. Do not over tighten the tie straps when the cable is coiled, as this could cause a cable failure.

Push up and and attach tie straps.
PLC Select ABS (2M)

Installation/Service Manual
for
4S/2M (2S/2M) Systems
PLC Select 2M System Components

Haldex Supplied Items

- FFABS
- 6 Port Relay
- 2 Port Relay
- Solenoid Cable

Additional Supplied Items

- Trailer Brake Control Valve (Haldex TBCV Shown) (or RT4)
- 90° Sensor Cable
- Trailer ABS Power Cable
- Sensor Block Clip
- ABS Light

Haldex Diagnostic Tools

- 7-way Diagnostic Interface Cable
- Optional Software
- PLC PC Diagnostics Kit (PC not included)
- DLA+/PLC Adapter
- PLC Info Center

Recommended Installation Aids

- Power Cord Bracket
- Sensor Hose Clip
- Hose Clamp
- Tie Strap
- Sensor Extension Retainer Clip

“See Haldex Trailer ABS Service Components Catalog L20243 for additional information on Haldex ABS Products”
Notes:

- (4) Service Brake Port FFABS Valve is the most commonly used for Tandem Axle Trailers.

- Spring Brake Delivery ports come in two variations (2 or 4 ports)

- All ports are 3/8" NPT except reservoir nipple (1/2" or 3/4” NPT).

- Service/Control and Emergency/Supply ports have serviceable Filter/Screen installed.

- FFABS Valve Spring Brake Exhaust Cover
  - White indicates Spring Brake Priority
  - Black indicates Service Brake Priority
Note: All ports are 3/8" NPT except the reservoir port which is 1/2" NPT.

1. All ports are 3/8" NPT except the reservoir port which is 1/2" NPT.
2. Service/Control and Emergency/Supply ports have serviceable Filter/Screen installed.
3. Install this valve as shown. Exhaust port pointing horizontal.
4. Trailer Brake Control Valve - Exhaust Port - White indicates Spring Brake Priority - Black indicates Service Brake Priority
PLC Select FFABS 4S/2M
(2 Service Delivery Ports)

PLC Select FFABS
(2 Service Delivery Ports)

2 Port Relay Valve
(2 Service Delivery Ports)

Plumbing Schematic (Side-By-Side)
Top View

Sensor 3A (Curb Side)
(Blue)

Sensor 2A (Curb Side)
(Blue)

Sensor 3B (Road Side)
(Yellow)

Sensor 2B (Road Side)
(Yellow)

Legend:

Service/Control Line
Emergency/Supply Line
Sensor Line

AIR BRAKE COMPONENTS AND SYSTEM SCHEMATIC ARE DESIGNED TO ALLOW COMPLIANCE WITH FMVSS 121.

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PIPE NIPPLES USED TO MOUNT BRAKE VALVES MUST BE HEAVY WALL TYPE PER SAE J514.
AIR BRAKE COMPONENTS AND SYSTEM SCHEMATIC ARE DESIGNED TO ALLOW COMPLIANCE WITH FMVSS 121.

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PIPE NIPPLES USED TO MOUNT BRAKE VALVES MUST BE HEAVY WALL TYPE PER SAE J514.
PLC Select 2 Port ABS 4S/2M with Trailer Brake Control Valve

Trailer Brake Control Valve (TBCV)

PLC Select ABS 2M (2 Service Delivery Ports)

2 Port Relay Valve (2 Service Delivery Ports)

Plumbing Schematic (Axle-By-Axle)
Top View

Sensor 2A (Curb Side) (Blue)
Sensor 2B (Curb Side) (Yellow)

Legend:
- Sensor 3A (Road Side) (Blue)
- Sensor 3B (Road Side) (Yellow)

AIR BRAKE COMPONENTS AND SYSTEM SCHEMATIC ARE DESIGNED TO ALLOW COMPLIANCE WITH FMVSS 121.

THIS SCHEMATIC IS FOR INFORMATION PURPOSE ONLY. IT IS THE VEHICLE MANUFACTURERS ULTIMATE RESPONSIBILITY TO CERTIFY THEIR SYSTEM MEETS ALL APPLICABLE REGULATIONS.

PIPE NIPPLES USED TO MOUNT BRAKE VALVES MUST BE HEAVY WALL TYPE PER SAE J514.
PLC Select FFABS 4S/2M
Full Trailer Plumbing Schematic
(Axle-By-Axle)

PLC Select FFABS
(2 Service Delivery Ports)

2 Port Relay Valve
(2 Service Delivery Ports)

70 psi Pressure Protection Valve
Emergency Control Valve
Service/Control
Emergency/Supply

(Curb Side) (Blue)
(Curb Side) (Yellow)
(Road Side) (Blue)
(Road Side) (Yellow)
Correct location of the speed sensors at the wheel ends is critical for proper ABS operation. Incorrect installation or location of speed sensors and exciter rings will result in poor ABS performance or sensors crossed leading to incorrect diagnostic troubleshooting. The figure above shows the correct power and speed sensor connections on the PLC Select 4S/2M ECU (Electronic Control Unit). “See Haldex Trailer ABS Service Components Catalog L20243 for sensor extensions if short sensors are used”.

If 2S/1M is desired, use sensors S2B and S3B. Use blanking plugs in unused sensor connections.
Apply dielectric grease to all electrical connections

*Distance of ABS Light from road side red rear clearance side Marker light is 5.9” inches to 23” inches max. An LED ABS warning lamp is acceptable.
Apply dielectric grease to all electrical connections

*Distance of ABS Light from road side red rear clearance side Marker light is 5.9" inches to 23" inches max. LED ABS lamps are acceptable.
Solenoid Connection
hand tighten collar firmly

Fully push the ABS Power Cable onto the ABS Power Connector and be sure the tab locks into place.

Insert sensor cable into the correct location on the ECU and push sensor retainer clip over sensor cable to secure them in place.

Note: When installing and servicing always apply small amount of dielectric grease to all electrical connections.
1. Insert the sensor block clip into the sensor block (as shown above).
2. Grease the sensor with a lithium based grease or anti-seize then insert the sensor into the sensor block clip and push until it is firmly against the exciter ring (as shown above).
3. Route all sensor cables through vacant holes, etc. Use a grommet or corrugated tubing if the cables are touching sharp edges.
4. Attach cable ties as needed to ensure the cable is secured to the axle housing.
5. Typical routing of cable is along the brake chamber air hose.
6. Use sensor cable hose clip when attaching the cables to the air hoses.
7. Sensor cable hose clips should be no farther than 8-10" inches apart.

Note: Haldex does not recommend the use of tie straps to secure sensor wires to rubber air hoses. Expansion of rubber air hoses will damage sensor wires causing ABS sensor failure.

Note: Lightly grease the sensor with a Lithium based grease. Use Dow Corning Molycoat CU7439 or equivalent.
**Speed Sensor Cable Routing**

Although it is possible to route cables along the axle, the preferred approach is to route the speed sensor cables along the air hoses between the ABS valve and the brake actuators.

Tie straps should not be used to secure the speed sensor cable to air hoses. For a more reliable installation use sensor hose clips to secure speed sensor cables to rubber air hoses.

Leave some slack in cables to accommodate movement between chassis components. Excess cable must not be allowed to hang free and must be bundled and attached to the chassis to prevent damage due to vibration and abrasion.

Route sensor wire on backside of axle housing to avoid damage from road debris.

Excess cable length may be taken up in either a “short bone” or a “long bone” arrangement and secured with tie straps. Do not coil the cable into a loop smaller then 4 inches in diameter. Do not over tighten the tie straps when the cable is coiled, as this could cause a cable failure.
Test Equipment:

12 Volt DC power source (*Never use a battery charger or internal ECU damage will occur*), power cable with a Packard 5 pin male power connection, an ABS test light attached, and shop air.

**Chassis Test/End Of Line ABS Check:**

**Procedure:**

1. Charge the Emergency/Supply and Service/Control air systems.(100 - 120 psi)
2. Apply power source to 7-Way receptacle (PIN 7 - permanent power).
3. The ABS Valve(s) should “**blow down**” first. You will hear a brief exhaust of air from each valve. The Blue Channel (remote valve) should blow down first followed by the Yellow Channel (ECU valve) (for a 2S/1M system the Red Channel valve only).
4. The ABS light should illuminate for about 3 seconds and then turn off.
5. Using an Info Center or PC verify correct sensor placement by spinning each wheel end one at a time. Refer to pages 6 - 11 for correct placement. Axle-By-Axle, or Side-By-Side. Refer to L31158 for Info Center instructions.
6. When using a PC in conjunction with Haldex PC diagnostics, information such as the name of the Inspector, the date inspected, or the trailer VIN can be stored in the ABS ECU.

**Note:** If the ABS Light never illuminates or stays illuminated during the ABS check, refer to Troubleshooting Section on page 49 of this manual.
Road Test - PLC Select 1M-2M:

Procedure:

1. Connect a tractor to the trailer and charge the trailer’s air tanks. (100 - 120 psi)
2. Turn on the start switch and ensure that the ABS Warning Light comes on briefly, then goes out.
3. Pull the trailer at a speed above 6 mph, make a brake application and hold until the tractor-trailer has come to a complete stop.
4. Verify that the ABS Warning Light has remained OFF. If the light remained OFF, the system is functioning properly.
5. If the ABS system detected an error during the stop, the Warning Light will be ON. If the ABS Warning Light never comes ON when the start switch is turned ON, then refer to the,“No ABS Warning Light Illumination” section on page 49 of this manual. If the ABS Warning Light stays ON with the start switch on, refer to the “ABS Warning Light Stays on permanently” section on page 49 of this manual.

Notes:

1. Disconnect power from the ABS system before making any repairs.

2. Most ABS problems are related to:
   a. Cut or damaged wires
   b. Corroded connector, or terminals
   c. Connector terminals not latched or seated correctly to mating assemblies
   d. Excessive sensor air gap, sensor clip retention, or wheel bearing end play
   e. Verify sufficient power at the ABS Power Cable (12 - 15 Volts DC)

3. After making any repairs go to the “Diagnostic Tools” section of this manual (see pages 40-42 to confirm that the fault is corrected). If dynamic fault codes 11 - 16 or 21 - 26 has occurred the ABS Warning Light will remain on with a code 07 when repowered until the problem has been corrected. After correcting the stored fault, the vehicle must be driven above 6 MPH utilizing permanent power for the ABS to recognize the problem has been corrected. Verify the ABS light turns off before clearing stored dynamic codes.
Diagnostics Tools

PLC PC Diagnostics Kit  
(PC not included)

SAE 560  
7-way Diagnostic Interface Cable

Blink Codes

PLC Info Center

(Data Link Adapter)  
DLA+/PLC

Technical Service & Engineering Support  
1-800-643-2374 (press 2)  

In Canada, please call 1-800-267-9247
Diagnostic Tools

Haldex provides (3) Methods for ABS Diagnostics:

1. Blink Codes
2. PLC Info Center
3. PLC PC Diagnostics

(1) Blink Codes:

ABS fault codes can be accessed using the ABS light without the use of any other tools. The blink code “Simple Fault Mode” can be activated by pressing on the brake pedal to activate the trailer brakes and switching ignition power ON, OFF, ON in 1 second intervals. See Blink Code information on pages 43-47.

(2) PLC Info Center:

The PLC Info Center has a screen that can display ABS fault codes plus a number of other functions. The PLC Info Center only needs to be connected to vehicle permanent power and ground. An optional SAE 560 7-Way Diagnostic Interface Cable is also available.

Available functions include:

1. View active fault code(s) (2 digit code) and fault occurrence count.
2. View stored fault code(s) and fault occurrence count.
3. Clear stored fault code(s).
4. View wheel speed sensor identification corresponding to each individual wheel when rotated.
5. View sensor and valve configuration code.
6. View ABS ECU type and serial number.
7. Energize valve solenoid(s).
8. Odometer
   a) View Odometer, Tire Scale Factor, (Miles or Kilometer), Service Interval, and Trip Distance.
   b) Program Tire Scale Factor (miles or kilometers), and Service Interval.

Reference PLC Info Center Instruction Manual L31158.
(3) PLC PC Diagnostic:

ABS PC Diagnostic Software. Also available at www.haldex.com

Optional SAE 560 7-Way Diagnostic Interface Cable

PC Diagnostics Kit (PC not included)

DLA+/PLC Adapter

PLC PC Diagnostics displays the most information. Available functions include all the functions of the PLC Info Center as well as:

1. View ABS ECU Part Number.
2. Save ABS diagnostic results for a print out of test verification.
3. Read/Write Trailer and or Service data internally to ABS ECU

Minimum requirements: MS Windows 2000, 32 MB RAM

Note: PLC Info Center and PLC PC Diagnostics are not compatible with older generations of ABS manufactured prior to March 2001.

“Reference PC Diagnostic Instruction Manual L31154”.
**Blink Code Diagnostics**

There are 5 Blink Code Modes:
Apply service brakes and then cycle permanent power (1 second on/ 1 second off)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Permanent Power Cycles <em>(1 second ON / 1 second OFF)</em> with stoplight power applied.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Simple/Wheel Speed Mode</td>
<td>ON, off, ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Active Faults Mode</td>
<td>ON, off, ON, off, ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Stored Faults / Clear Mode</td>
<td>ON, off, ON, off, ON, off, ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Configuration Mode</td>
<td>ON, off, ON, off, ON, off, ON, off, ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Odometer Mode</td>
<td>ON, off, ON, off, ON, off, ON, off, ON, off, ON</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Procedure for Blink Code Diagnostics:**

1. The trailer must be stationary.
2. The trailer must be connected to a DC-power supply (10-15 volts). Never use a battery charger.
3. Constant DC power (10-15 volts) must be provided to the stoplight circuit (apply trailer service brakes).
4. Permanent power must be cycled ON and OFF (trailer auxiliary circuit) at 1 second intervals to reach the desired mode (shown above). *It is recommended that an auxiliary switched power source be used (i.e. light cart).*

**Note:** *Stoplight and Permanent power must be independent for blink code troubleshooting.*
*If Permanent power is required for your brake lights to operate, then the blink code diagnostics will not function.*

**Procedure Notes:**

1. Once a blink mode is entered that mode can only be terminated by completely disconnecting all trailer power sources.
2. All modes repeat endlessly. Each repeat is separated by 10 seconds of continuous light energization.
3. All codes are separated by 2 seconds of light OFF.
4. Stored fault codes (mode 3) are followed by an occurrence count which display a blink rate twice as fast as the fault code blink rate.

**Mode 1 - Simple Mode Diagnostics:**

This mode has an abbreviated list of fault codes that will display. Fault codes are grouped to simplify the diagnostics. Up to 3 active codes will be displayed at one time. These faults need to be repaired before other active faults can be displayed. See Simple Mode Faults Code Table on next page.
Mode 1 - Simple Mode Diagnostics Faults Table (ON, OFF, ON):

See the diagnostic codes (pages 50-54) for possible causes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Flash Count</th>
<th>Actual Fault</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>System OK</td>
<td>Light Stays On</td>
<td>07 (See note below)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor 1A</td>
<td>1 Flash</td>
<td>01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor 1B</td>
<td>2 Flashes</td>
<td>02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor 2A</td>
<td>3 Flashes</td>
<td>03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor 2B</td>
<td>4 Flashes</td>
<td>04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor 3A</td>
<td>5 Flashes</td>
<td>05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor 3B</td>
<td>6 Flashes</td>
<td>06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Valve</td>
<td>7 Flashes</td>
<td>61, 67, 71, 77, 81, &amp; 87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blue Valve</td>
<td>8 Flashes</td>
<td>62, 68, 72, 78, 82, &amp; 88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Valve</td>
<td>9 Flashes</td>
<td>63, 69, 73, 79, 83, &amp; 89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Voltage</td>
<td>10 Flashes</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECU Failure</td>
<td>11 Flashes</td>
<td>93, 99, &amp; E-Codes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: If the simple mode does not show a fault code, but the ABS light remains “ON” after powering the ABS, there are no active faults present. Verify in mode 3 (stored codes). If any faults 11-16 or 21-26 are present the problem needs to be resolved before the lamp will turnoff when permanent powered vehicle travels > 6 MPH.

Wheel Speed Mode:

Wheel Speed Mode is accessible only when in Simple Mode. This Mode is not activated until the ECU has received a signal from the wheel speed sensor of a spinning wheel. The hold solenoid of the modulator valve associated with the particular sensed spinning wheel will be cycled the same number of times as the lamp flashes. The blink codes for the sensed wheels are as follows:

S1A: 1 Flash    S1B: 2 Flashes    S2A: 3 Flashes
S2B: 4 Flashes  S3A: 5 Flashes    S3B: 6 Flashes

Note 1: Spin only one wheel at a time.

Note 2: Once a wheel is rotated, the ABS light will remain on after the wheel is stopped until the next wheel is rotated.
Mode 2 - Active Faults Mode (ON, OFF, ON, OFF, ON):

In this mode the ABS light displays a numerical fault code sequence for each existing fault, up to nine fault codes at a time. The nine faults must be repaired before additional active faults can be displayed. The blink codes used in the Active Fault Mode are related to the Haldex standard fault codes and are shown on pages 44-48.

Example: Fault code “23” is indicated by the light flashing ON twice for 1/2 second each time - then off for 2 seconds followed by three 1/2 second flashes.

Mode 3 - Stored (Passive) Faults/Clear Mode (ON, OFF, ON, OFF, ON, OFF, ON):

In this mode the ABS light displays a numerical fault code sequence for each stored fault. All stored faults (not currently active) are displayed in this mode. The light will display up to nine passive stored faults at a time. The most recent stored fault is displayed last. The blink codes used in the Passive Stored Fault Mode are related to the Haldex standard fault codes and are shown on page 50-54.

Stored Mode Fault Occurrences (Mode 3):

The fault code blink sequence is followed by the occurrence count for that fault in Passive Mode. The occurrence count is displayed after each pair of fault code flashes in order to differentiate between the code and its occurrence count. Blink code rate twice as fast as the fault code blink rate.

Verify if stored codes 11-16 or 21-26 are present, the problem needs to be resolved before the ABS lamp will shut off when permanent powered vehicle travels > 6 MPH.

Clearing Stored Codes (Mode 3):

The passive stored fault codes may be cleared by switching ignition power OFF, ON OFF, ON while the brakes are applied during the 10 seconds of light energization that occurs prior to each repeat of the fault code blink sequence. The light will flash rapidly for 10 seconds to show that the fault(s) are being erased.
Blink Code Diagnostics

Stored Fault Mode Notes (Mode 3):

1. A “zero” for codes such as “01” is indicated by a two second light “ON” condition. All other digits are indicated by a half second light “ON” condition.

   **Example:** Fault code “23” is indicated by the light flashing ON twice for 1/2 second each time -then off for 2 seconds followed by three 1/2 second flashes. The third flash is the occurrence count and as 1/4 second flashes.

   ![Light Flash Sequences](image)

2. There is a two second light “OFF” delay between the digits in each code.

3. Code 07 (system **OK**, vehicle at rest) is displayed as a continuous light “ON” condition.
Blink Code Diagnostics

Mode 4 - Configuration Mode (ON, OFF, ON, OFF, ON, OFF, ON, OFF, ON, OFF, ON):

This Mode displays Configuration and Auxiliary Codes. The Configuration Code is displayed prior to Auxiliary Codes. The tables on page 54 show a list of Configuration Codes and a list of Auxiliary Codes which supported by Blink Codes. Auxiliary Codes are displayed low to high. Each blink code digit will refer to a digit in the Haldex configuration codes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Config Code</th>
<th>Blinks</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Lift Axle</th>
<th>Sensor Used (indicates lift axle)</th>
<th>Modulators Used</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2S/1M</td>
<td>S1A S1B</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2S/2M</td>
<td>S2A S2B</td>
<td>Blue, Yellow</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4S/2M</td>
<td>S3A S2A S2B S3B</td>
<td>Blue, Yellow</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4S/2M</td>
<td>2 or 3 only (S3A) S2A S2B (S3B)</td>
<td>Blue, Yellow</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Blinks</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A4</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>No load sense valve - momentarily displayed when power is applied</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A7</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>SLH programming for yellow valve channel (red valve is 2S/1M)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A8</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>MSLH programming for yellow valve channel (red valve is 2S/1M)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Clear Configuration Mode:

The configuration codes may be cleared by switching Permanent power OFF, ON, OFF, ON while the brakes are applied during the 10 seconds of light energization that occurs prior to each repeat of the fault code blink sequence. The light will flash rapidly for 10 seconds to indicate that the configuration has been erased from the ECU’s memory. The ECU will then store its full configuration on the next power up.

Mode 5 - Odometer Mode (ON, off, ON, off, ON, off, ON, off, ON, off, ON)

This mode displays the odometer value.
Example: 4364.7 miles (4 on/off 1/2 sec flashes, 3 on/off 1/2 sec flashes, 6 on/off 1/2 sec flashes, 4 on/off 1/2 sec flashes, then 2 on/off 1/4 sec flashes) if set for miles, 1 on/off 1/4 sec flash if set for kms
# PLC Select 1M / 2M
## Tire Scale Factor Chart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trailer Tire</th>
<th>Scaling Factor 100T (miles)</th>
<th>Scaling Factor 100T (km)</th>
<th>Scaling Factor 80T (miles)</th>
<th>Scaling Factor 80T (km)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>80T Smallest Tire</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>215/75R17.5</td>
<td>579</td>
<td>360</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8R17.5</td>
<td>543</td>
<td>338</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>275/65R17.5HC</td>
<td>538</td>
<td>334</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.5R17.5</td>
<td>527</td>
<td>328</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>245/70R17.5</td>
<td>524</td>
<td>326</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>235/75R17.5</td>
<td>523</td>
<td>325</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>225/70R19.5</td>
<td>523</td>
<td>325</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.25R15</td>
<td>523</td>
<td>325</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9R17.5HC</td>
<td>495</td>
<td>308</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10R17.5</td>
<td>490</td>
<td>304</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>265/70R19.5</td>
<td>490</td>
<td>304</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>285/70R19.5</td>
<td>483</td>
<td>300</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>100T Smallest Tire</strong></td>
<td>580</td>
<td>360</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>305/70R19.5</td>
<td>574</td>
<td>357</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11R17.5HC</td>
<td>568</td>
<td>353</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.00R15TR</td>
<td>566</td>
<td>352</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>255/70R22.5</td>
<td>566</td>
<td>352</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>275/70R22.5</td>
<td>545</td>
<td>339</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10R22.5</td>
<td>520</td>
<td>323</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.00R20</td>
<td>519</td>
<td>323</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>295/75R22.5</td>
<td>518</td>
<td>322</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>285/75R24.5</td>
<td>504</td>
<td>313</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>295/80R22.5</td>
<td>503</td>
<td>313</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11R22.5</td>
<td>502*</td>
<td>313</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.00R20</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>312</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>315/80R22.5</td>
<td>491</td>
<td>305</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>80T Largest Tire</strong></td>
<td>580</td>
<td>360</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.00R20</td>
<td>488</td>
<td>303</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>305/75R24.5</td>
<td>488</td>
<td>303</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11R24.5</td>
<td>478</td>
<td>297</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.00R22</td>
<td>478</td>
<td>297</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.00R20</td>
<td>472</td>
<td>294</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>425/65R22.5</td>
<td>471</td>
<td>293</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.00R22</td>
<td>466</td>
<td>290</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>100T Largest Tire</strong></td>
<td>580</td>
<td>360</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>391</td>
<td>243</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Haldex Factory Tire Scale Set At Default 502 Rev/Mile.

**USEFUL NUMBERS:**
- 1 mile = 1.6093 km
- 1 km = 0.6214 miles

**SCALE FACTOR (SF) FOR OTHER TIRE SIZE:**

Option 1:  
SF = (1000/Rc) x (T/100)

Rc = Rolling Circumference in meters  
T = Exciter actual teeth count

Option 2:  
SF = N x (T/1000)

N = Revolutions per mile  
T = Exciter actual teeth count

**Note:** Scale factor does not affect ABS performance but does affect odometer accuracy.
Troubleshooting ABS Warning Light
PLC Select 1M / 2M

ABS Warning Light Stays On Permanently:

Upon power up of the ABS system (Permanent or Stoplight Power), the ABS Warning Light should come **ON** for 3 seconds and then go **OFF**. If the Light stays **ON**, it may be caused by improper light wiring, or by a fault in the ABS system.

1. Check for diagnostic fault codes. If anything other than a “07” is displayed, review the “Troubleshooting” section of this manual (page 50 - 54) for possible solutions. After the problem is repaired, clear all stored faults.

2. If a “07” is displayed but there was a 11 -16 or 21 - 26 stored in memory, then correct the problem and drive the trailer using permanent power above 6 mph to get the ABS Light to turn **OFF**.

3. If there are no stored faults and a “07” is displayed, and the ABS Light is still **ON**, then the ABS Light is mis-wired. Remove the main wire harness 5 pin connector at the ECU and verify continuity between pin “D” (Refer to ABS Power Cord - Pin Out page 19) and trailer ABS Light. The remaining light wire must be grounded to the trailer chassis or connected to the SAE J560 7-Way connector ground wire. Check for continuity between the ABS Light wire and ground. Repair as necessary and retest.

4. If the solenoid does not energize (click, click) when power is applied or the diagnostic tool has nothing on the display, check power on the blue or red wire of the 7-Way connector as well as the ABS Power Cord. (Refer to ABS Power Cord - pin out - page 19).

No ABS Warning Light Illumination:

1. Check the bulb to verify that it is functional. If not functional, replace it.

2. Verify that there is power to the ECU and the solenoid energizes (click, click). If not, disconnect the main wire harness 5 pin connector and check for positive power between either stop light power with brakes applied or permanent power and ground (Refer to ABS Power Cord - Pin Out page 19). The voltage drop between the SAE J560 7-Way and the ECU should not exceed 2 volts. If no power exists at either stoplight or permanent power in reference to ground then check continuity from these pins to the SAE J560 7-Way connector red and blue circuits. Make necessary repairs and retest.

3. If the problem is still present, remove the main wire harness 5 pin connector at the ECU and verify continuity between pin “D” (Refer to ABS Power Cord - Pin Out page 19) and the light. The remaining light wire must be grounded to the trailer chassis or connected to the SAE J560 7-Way connector ground wire. Check for continuity between the ABS light wire and ground. Repair as necessary and retest.
## Troubleshooting PLC Select 1M / 2M Diagnostics Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fault Code</th>
<th><strong>Explanation:</strong></th>
<th><strong>Possible Causes:</strong></th>
<th>PLC Select 1M</th>
<th>PLC Select 2M</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>00</td>
<td>System OK (with vehicle traveling &gt; 6 mph)</td>
<td>ABS is operational Displays “00” when traveling &gt; 6 MPH</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
<td>Red channel wheel speed sensor wiring S1A has an Open or Short circuit.</td>
<td>Indicates a wheel speed sensor or its wiring has short or open circuit.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02</td>
<td>Red channel wheel speed sensor wiring S1B has an Open or Short circuit.</td>
<td>Disconnect the relevant sensor and measure the resistance between the two pins in the sensor connector housing.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>03</td>
<td>Blue channel wheel speed sensor wiring S2A has an Open or Short circuit.</td>
<td>If sensor extensions are used verify extension continuity and connections. Replace sensor and/or extension cable.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04</td>
<td>Yellow channel wheel speed sensor wiring S2B has an Open or Short circuit.</td>
<td>The Ohm meter reading for the sensor or sensor and extension cable should be between 980 and 2350 Ohm (.98K and 2.35 K Ohm) If not, replace sensor and/or extension cable.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05</td>
<td>Blue channel wheel speed sensor wiring S3A has an Open or Short circuit.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>06</td>
<td>Yellow channel wheel speed sensor wiring S3B has an Open or Short circuit.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>07</td>
<td>System OK (No Active Fault)</td>
<td>ABS ECU is fully operational. Displays “07” vehicle is stationary.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Occurs only when vehicle is stationary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fault Code</th>
<th><strong>Explanation:</strong></th>
<th><strong>Possible Causes:</strong></th>
<th>PLC Select 1M</th>
<th>PLC Select 2M</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Red channel speed sensor S1A, has low sensor output.</td>
<td>Sensor or spring clip is worn or not properly adjusted, wiring open or short circuit, wheel bearing not properly adjusted (these faults will only occur at speeds greater than 6 mph). Measure the AC voltage at the sensor in question while rotating the wheel at a rate of about one revolution every two seconds. The output should be at least 200 millivolts (0.2 VAC). If this is not the case, push in the sensor until it touches the exciter and rotate the wheel again. If this doesn’t correct the problem, then the sensor and sensor block clip should be replaced.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Red channel speed sensor S1B, has low sensor output.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Blue channel speed sensor S2A, has low sensor output.</td>
<td>If sensor extensions are used verify extension continuity and connections. Replace sensor and/or extension cable.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Yellow channel speed sensor S2B, has low sensor output.</td>
<td>Inspect exciter teeth for minor damage or teeth filled with debris.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Blue channel speed sensor S3A, has low sensor output.</td>
<td>Verify all exciters have the same number of teeth.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Yellow channel speed sensor S3B gap too large. Gap should be kept to a minimum.</td>
<td>See side by side axle by axle configurations</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Troubleshooting PLC Select 1M / 2M Diagnostics Codes

### Fault Code | Explanation: | Possible Causes:
--- | --- | ---
21 | Red channel wheel speed sensor S1A has an erratic output voltage. | Loose sensor, connection, bracket or exciter, damaged exciter, sensor is not properly adjusted or has worn cable insulation, or worn sensor block clip, wheel bearing failure, wheel bearing is not properly adjusted (these faults will only occur at speeds greater than 6 mph).<br>Measure the AC voltage at the sensor in question while rotating the wheel at a rate of about one revolution every two seconds. The output should be at least 200 millivolts (0.2 VAC).<br>If this is not the case, push in the sensor until it touches the exciter and rotate the wheel again. If this doesn’t correct the problem, then the sensor should be replaced.<br>Verify tire and wheel size is large enough for 100 tooth exciter ring. If these faults re-occur at the same speed, inspect exciter ring for damage.<br>Smaller wheels and tires require 80 tooth exciter rings. Reference Tire Scale Factor Chart.<br>Verify sensor and valve wiring/plumbing is correct.<br>See side by side and axle by axle configurations. | X
22 | Red channel wheel speed sensor S1B has an erratic output voltage. | X
23 | Blue channel wheel speed sensor S2A has an erratic output voltage. | X
24 | Yellow channel wheel speed sensor S2B has an erratic output voltage. | X
25 | Blue channel wheel speed sensor S3A has an erratic output voltage. | X
26 | Yellow channel wheel speed sensor S3B has an erratic output voltage. | X

### Auxiliary Channel Codes

| Fault Code | Explanation: | PLC Select 2M Plus (ABS Auxiliary Codes) |
--- | --- | ---
31 | Auxiliary channel 1 fault (digital channel 1) output only | PLC Select 2M Plus ABS that supports trailer Auxiliaries<br>Note: These Codes are only used with PLC Select 2M Plus ABS that supports trailer Auxiliaries |
32 | Auxiliary channel 2 fault (digital channel 2) output only | Auxiliary Channel has an open circuit or the ECU (Electronic Control Unit) has auxiliary device connected and is not programmed to be.<br>Note: These codes do not affect ABS performance and do not illuminate the tractor or trailer ABS warning lamps |
33 | Auxiliary channel 3 fault (digital channel 3) input only |  |
34 | Auxiliary channel 4 fault (digital/analog channel 1) input only |  |
35 | Auxiliary channel 5 fault (digital/analog channel 2) input only |  |
## Troubleshooting PLC Select 1M / 2M Diagnostics Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Explanation:</th>
<th>Possible Causes:</th>
<th>PLC Select 1M</th>
<th>PLC Select 2M</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>Slow wheel recovery on Red valve channel.</td>
<td>For a 2M System, verify sensor and valve wiring/plumbing is correct. (See Side-By-Side and Axle-By-Axle configurations). Slow brake release, foundation brake mechanical faults, dry bushings, broken ABS valve, restricted piping. Check for kinks and blockage etc. Incorrect air-lines, wiring.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>Slow wheel recovery on Blue valve channel.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>Slow wheel recovery on Yellow valve channel.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>Hold solenoid Open circuit on Red valve channel.</td>
<td>Modulator valve solenoid failure, solenoid connection, or valve cable damage. The most likely causes include: a bad solenoid or a loose solenoid connection. Disconnect the indicated solenoid and check the resistance at the solenoid pins.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td>Hold solenoid Open circuit on Blue valve channel.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63</td>
<td>Hold solenoid Open circuit on Yellow valve channel.</td>
<td>Check the female terminals on the connector for excessive pin spread or corrosion. Replace defective hardware as required and retest.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td>Dump solenoid Open circuit on Red valve channel.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>Dump solenoid Open circuit on Blue valve channel.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69</td>
<td>Dump solenoid Open circuit on Yellow valve channel.</td>
<td>Refer to solenoid page (Page 55)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71</td>
<td>Hold solenoid Short circuit to ground on Red valve channel.</td>
<td>Modulator valve solenoid failure, or valve cable damage. The most likely causes include: a damaged cable or solenoid. An example of this is a worn or chafed cable that has exposed wires contacting the trailer.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>Hold solenoid Short circuit to ground on Blue valve channel.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>Hold solenoid Short circuit to ground on Yellow valve channel.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>Dump solenoid Short circuit to ground on Red valve channel</td>
<td>Disconnect the indicated solenoid and check the resistance at the solenoid pins.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78</td>
<td>Dump solenoid Short circuit to ground on Blue valve channel</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79</td>
<td>Dump solenoid Short circuit to ground on Yellow valve channel</td>
<td>Refer to solenoid page (Page 55)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Troubleshooting PLC Select 1M / 2M Diagnostics Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fault Code</th>
<th>Explanation:</th>
<th>Possible Causes:</th>
<th>PLC Select 1M</th>
<th>PLC Select 2M</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>Output leakage or poor insulation on any of the valve channels.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81</td>
<td>Hold solenoid short circuit to Permanent Power on Red valve channel.</td>
<td>Modulator valve solenoid failure or valve cable damage. Indicates that the solenoid or its cable has a short circuit to positive power (12 volts DC). The most likely cause is a damage cable or solenoid. Disconnect the indicated solenoid and check the resistance at the solenoid pins.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td>Hold solenoid short circuit to Permanent Power on Blue valve channel.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83</td>
<td>Hold solenoid short circuit to Permanent Power on Yellow valve channel.</td>
<td>Refer to solenoid page (Page 54) for proper settings</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87</td>
<td>Dump solenoid out shorted on Permanent Power on Red valve channel.</td>
<td>If solenoid checks good and 80-89 code still exists, check ECU.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88</td>
<td>Dump solenoid out shorted on Permanent Power on Blue valve channel.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89</td>
<td>Dump solenoid out shorted on Permanent Power on Yellow valve channel.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>Low supply voltage fault. This code is not stored in memory.</td>
<td>Verify 12 VDC power source. Do Not Use Battery Charger as Power Supply. ECU minimum operating voltage is 8.5 VDC.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91</td>
<td>No internal ABS ECU solenoid voltage available.</td>
<td>Verify permanent power is present.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92</td>
<td>Power input over voltage fault.</td>
<td>Verify 12 VDC power source. Do Not Use Battery Charger as Power Supply. ECU maximum operating voltage is 16.0 VDC.</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93</td>
<td>Short circuit on ABS ECU internal relay.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99</td>
<td>ABS Corrupt Memory.</td>
<td>Replace ECU</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9A</td>
<td>ABS Corrupt Memory.</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Troubleshooting PLC Select 1M / 2M Diagnostics Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fault Code</th>
<th>Explanation:</th>
<th>Display Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A7</td>
<td>Trailer: 2S/1M - SLH on Red channel 2S/2M, or 4S/2M - SLH on yellow channel</td>
<td>Programmed for tandem or multi-axle trailer. Displays current configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A8</td>
<td>Trailer: 25/1M - MSLH on Red Channel (dollies, steerable or single axle only)</td>
<td>Programmed for dollies, single or steer axle trailer. Displays current configuration.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Codes A(x) and C(x) displayed when power is applied to the ABS ECU. They should not be displayed for more than 2 seconds; if code remains permanently displayed, repair is necessary.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Configuration Information</th>
<th>Explanation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>2S/1M configuration</td>
<td>S1A, S1B sensors, Red modulator. ECU is configured as a 2M and is powered up as a 1M. See “CC” cause below. Displays current configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C1</td>
<td>2S/2M configuration</td>
<td>S2A, S2B sensors. Blue, Yellow modulator. ECU is configured as a 4S/2M and powered up as a 2S/2M. See “CC” cause below. Displays current configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C3</td>
<td>4S/2M configuration information (not a fault code)</td>
<td>S3A, S2A, S2B, S3B sensors. Blue, Yellow Modulators. (S3A and S3B sensed lift axle). Displays current configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>Clear all (fault codes).</td>
<td>Occurs when clearing fault codes with the Info Center.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC</td>
<td>Clear configuration</td>
<td>Only required when configured ABS System from a 4S/2M to a 2S/2M or any 2M configured to a 1M. Clear fault codes 3 times the with uninterrupted power to reconfigure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CF</td>
<td>Configuration fault?</td>
<td>Unrecognized ABS configuration. Verify all sensors and valve connections are correct. Verify sufficient power.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

E(x) Codes | E0 thru EF are generated when internal problems exist within the ABS ECU | ABS ECU is defective. Replace the ABS ECU

Only display when viewing stored fault codes.
Solenoids

Old Style Solenoid (Pre-DIN)

- 3.5 - 4.5 Ohms
- 7.0 - 9.0 Ohms

New Style Solenoid (DIN)
September 2009 - Present

- 3.5 - 4.5 Ohms
- 7.0 - 9.0 Ohms
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